

## Public Disclosure on Liquidity Risk for the quarter ended 30<sup>th</sup> September 2023 as required under RBI <u>Circular - RBI/2019-20/88, DOR.NBFC (PD) CC No. 102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated 04<sup>th</sup> November 2019</u>

(1) Funding Concentration based on constraints counts	ornarty (both Donocite & Korrowinge)
(i) Funding Concentration based on significant counter	erparty (bour Deposits & Dorrowings) -

Number of Significant Counterparties <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT <sup>2</sup> (Rs in Crores)	% of Total Deposits	% of Total Liabilities <sup>3</sup>
11	2,397.15	Not Applicable	72.25%
Note:- 1. Significant counterparty is as defined in RBI circular RBI circular RBI/2019-20/88,DOR.NBFC (PD) CC			

No.102/03.10.001/2019-20,Dated November 04, 2019.

2. Amount represents IND-AS outstanding inclusive of interest accruals and fee amortisation.

3. Total Liabilities exclude Networth of the company.

(ii) Top 20 large deposits (Amount in Rs Crores and % of Total Deposits) -

**Not Applicable.** The Company, being a Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company and registered with Reserve Bank of India, does not accept public deposits.

(iii) Top 10 Borrowings (Amount in Rs Crores and % of Total Borrowings Outstanding) -

Sl. No.	Name of the Lender / Investor	AMOUNT <sup>1</sup>	% of Total
51. 100.	Nume of the Bender / myestor	(Rs in Crores)	Borrowings
1	State Bank of India	851.35	26.41%
2	HDFC Bank Limited	323.98	10.05%
3	IDFC First Bank Limited	273.72	8.49%
4	Bandhan Bank Limited	164.11	5.09%
5	BlueOrchard Microfinance Fund	154.25	4.79%
6	IndusInd Bank Limited	149.00	4.62%
7	Canara Bank	126.18	3.91%
8	Indigo 023 (Securitisation Trust)	110.98	3.44%
9	RBL Bank Limited	94.16	2.92%
10	Axis Bank Limited	79.69	2.47%
Note:-			
1. Amount represents IND-AS outstanding inclusive of interest accruals and fee amortisation.			

<u>Funding Concentration based on significant instrument/product</u> (as defined in RBI circular RBI circular RBI/2019-20/88, DOR.NBFC (PD) CC No.102/03.10.001/2019-20, Dated November 04, 2019) –

Sl. No.	Name of the Instrument / Product	AMOUNT <sup>1</sup> (Rs in Crores)	% of Total Liabilities <sup>2</sup>
1	Non-Convertible Debentures	179.30	5.40%
2	Commercial Paper	49.16	1.48%
3	Term Loans	2,842.79	85.69%
4	Securitisation (PTCs)	142.64	4.30%
5	Working Capital Loans	9.52	0.29%
Note:-			
1. Amount represents IND-AS outstanding inclusive of interest accruals and fee amortisation.			

2. Total Liabilities exclude Networth of the company.



## (iv) Stock Ratios -

Sl. No.	Stock Ratios	Ratio
1	Commercial Paper as a % of Total Public Funds	N.A.
2	Commercial Paper as a % of Total Liabilities*	1.48%
3	Commercial Paper as a % of Total Assets	0.89%
4	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of Total Public Funds	N.A.
5	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of Total Liabilities*	N.A.
6	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of Total Assets	N.A.
7	Other short-term liabilities** as a % of Total Public Funds	N.A.
8	Other short-term liabilities as a % of Total Liabilities*	29.79%
9	Other short-term liabilities as a % of Total Assets	17.97%
Note:-		
* Total Li	iabilities exclude Networth of the company.	
** Other	short-term liabilities represent Borrowings maturing within one year.	

## (v) Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management -

The Board of Directors of the Company has an overall responsibility and oversight for the management of all the risks, including liquidity risk, to which the Company is exposed to while conducting its business. The Board approves the governance structure, policies, strategy, and the risk limits for the management of liquidity risk.

The Board of Directors approved the constitution of the Risk Management Committee (RMC) for the effective supervision, evaluation, monitoring and review of various aspects and types of risks, including liquidity risk, faced by the Company. The meetings of RMC are held at half yearly intervals and more frequently as warranted from time to time. Further, the Board of Directors also approves constitution of Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), which functions as the strategic decision-making body for the asset-liability management of the Company from risk return perspective and within the risk appetite approved by the Board.

The main objective of ALCO is to assist the Board and RMC in effective discharge of the responsibilities of asset-liability management, market risk management, liquidity, and interest rate risk management and to ensure adherence to risk tolerance/limits set up by the Board. ALCO provides guidance and directions in terms of interest rate, liquidity, funding sources, and investment of surplus funds. ALCO meetings are held once a month. The minutes of ALCO meetings are placed before the RMC in its next meeting for its perusal/approval/ratification.



## Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) -

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a global minimum standard to measure the Company's liquidity position. The Reserve Bank of India introduced the liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) requirement for all deposit taking NBFCs and non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size of Rs. 5,000 crore and above. LCR seeks to ensure that the Company has an adequate stock of unencumbered High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) that can be converted into cash easily and immediately to meet its liquidity needs under a 30-day calendar liquidity stress scenario. LCR is calculated by dividing the stock of HQLA's by its total net cash outflow over a 30 day calendar period.

The Company has adopted the liquidity risk framework in the ALCO policy of the company as required under RBI regulation. It ensures a sound and robust liquidity risk management system by maintaining sufficient liquidity through inclusion of a cushion of unencumbered, high quality liquid asset to withstand a range of stress events, including those involving the loss or impairment of both unsecured and secured funding sources. The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility of balance sheet Liquidity Risk Management to the Asset Liability Committee as per the ALCO policy of the Company.

			(Rs in Crore)	
		Jul – Sep 2023		
Particulars		Unweighted Value	Weighted Value	
High	High Quality Liquid Assets			
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)	417.31	417.31	
	- Cash	1.96	1.96	
	- Bank Balance	415.35	415.35	
Cash	Outflows			
2	Deposits (for deposit taking companies)	-	-	
3	Unsecured wholesale funding	-	-	
4	Secured wholesale funding	-	-	
5	Additional requirements, of which			
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other			
(1)	collateral requirements	-	-	
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-	
6	Other contractual funding obligations	140.43	161.50	
7	Other contingent funding obligations	0.25	0.29	
8	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	140.68	161.79	
Cash	Inflows			
9	Secured lending	107.00	80.25	
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	179.75	134.81	
11	Other cash inflows	390.26	292.70	
12	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	677.01	507.76	
			Total Adjusted	
			Value	
13	TOTAL HQLA		417.31	
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		40.45	
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		1031.77%	